## **FAST HIGH VOLTAGE TRANSISTOR SWITCHES**

These MOSFET switching modules have been designed for general high voltage switching applications such as industrial power electronics, HV test instruments, pulse generators, deflection- and accleration grid drivers. The switching modules described here are distinguished above all by their very short transition time, high switching frequency and extraordinary high dv/dt immunity against HV transients. The switches can therefore be used in all hard switching applications without limitations.

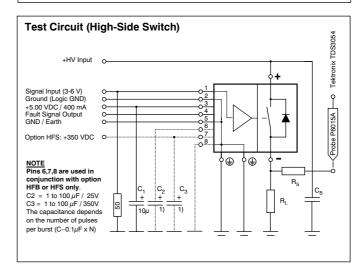
The switching modules incorporate all features of the well known HTS switch family: Easy handling, high reliability, low jitter and reproducible switching behaviour.

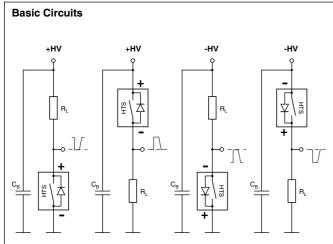
The switch is turned on by a positive going signal of 3 to 6 volts amplitude, provided the auxiliary power supply is permanently connected to the +5.00 VDC input. The on-time may simply be varied between 150 ns and infinity by the input control pulse width. An interference-proof driver circuit provides signal conditioning, auxiliary voltage monitoring, frequency limitation and temperature protection. In case of any false operating condition the switches turn off immediately and a fault signal is generated (TTL level). The high frequency burst operation (>10 pulses/100 $\mu$ s) requires the option HFB (connection of external buffer capacitors at the driver). For operation at higher frequencies than specified under f<sub>(max)</sub> the option HFS must be used. In that case an internal DC/DC converter must be supported by an external supply of +250 VDC (± 5%, approx. 2-10 Watts depending on switching frequency).

Due to the high galvanic isolation the switches may simply be operated also in floating set-up's or in high-side circuits. Several housing options are available to meet individual constructional and power requirements. The standard plastic housing is used in low frequency applications with low average power dissipation. The plastic modules can additionally be fitted with non-isolated cooling fins (available as options CF, CF-X2 and CF-X3), which improves the max. Continuous Power Dissipation  $P_{\text{d(max)}}$  by approx. factor 10 with forced air (>4m/s) or by factor 50, if the switching modules are immersed in isolating cooling liquids (e.g. GALDEN HT200, flow rate >0.1m/s, standard cooling fins). Another cooling method is given by the use of the grounded cooling flange (option GCF and GCF-X2). In conjunction with an optional water cooling plate or any other high performance heatsink, maximum power dissipations in the range of 1 to 4 kW are possible, with customized cooling flanges even up to 10 kW.

The modules can be installed on a printed circuit board, but if operated under air conditions, the use of option PT-HV (pigtails for HV connection) is recommended, in order to ensure a sufficient creepage distance according to industrial standards. For detailed design recommendations please refer to the general instructions for use.

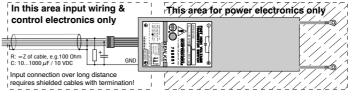
HTS 161-06 16 kV / 60 A HTS 221-06 22 kV / 60 A HTS 331-06 33 kV / 60 A **MOSFET TECHNOLOGY** HTS 331-06 with options CF. CF-DR. HFB & HFS VCC +H\ - Patented -Made in Germany Variable On-Time **High Switching Frequency** 





## Important EMC Design Hints

- Keep the wiring as short as possible and avoid large induction loop areas of the peak current
  carrying lines; the forward and return lines should be installed as closely as possible together.
   Control and power circuit must not be mixed. Always keep the transformer principle in mind!
- Use shielded leads at the control side to minimize noise induction. Low impedance drivers
  with 5 Volt output swing (into 50 Ohm) are required for driving long pulse transmission lines.
   Signal transmission lines must be terminated properly (e.g. by 50 Ohm). The auxiliary power
  supply must be well decoupled by a sufficient buffer capacitor.
- This high speed switching module can generate extreme di/dt's and dv/dt's. Therfore it is not useful to operate the switch and its peripheric components without a shielded housing. Other electronics including power supplies (!) may be disturbed. Please note your local EMC / EMI regulations. Please also see our option offers for possible EMC / EMI relevant modifications.





## **TECHNICAL DATA**

Specification	Symb.	Condition / 0	Commer	t HTS	S: 161-06	221-06	331-06	Unit
Maximum Operating Voltage	$V_{O(max)}$	I <sub>off</sub> < 60 σADC		16	22	33	kVDC	
Minimum Operating Voltage	$V_{O(min)}$	Increased t <sub>r(on)</sub>	and t <sub>r(off)</sub> I	pelow 0.1x V <sub>O(max)</sub>		0		kVDC
Typical Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>br</sub>	I <sub>off</sub> > 1mADC, T	case = 75	°C	18	24	36	kVDC
Galvanic Isolation	Vı	Continuously		d housing / PCB attachme	nt 25	25	40	
			Option F	T-HV, pigtails for HV	40	40	40	
			Option F	T-HV + Option ISO-80 1)	80	80	80	kVDC
Maximum Peak Current	I <sub>P(max)</sub>	T <sub>case</sub> = 25°C	$t_p < 100$	μs, duty cycle <1%		60		
	( 2 ,	$T_{fin} = 75^{\circ}C^{*}$	t <sub>D</sub> < 1 r	ns, duty cycle <10%		49		
		*measured at base	t <sub>p</sub> < 10 r	ns, duty cycle <10%		36		ADC
Maximum Continuous Load	IL	T <sub>case</sub> = 25°C	Standar	d plastic case	0.81	0.77	0.69	
Current	_	T <sub>flange</sub> =25°C		CF, fins in air >4m/s	2.5	2.5	2.5	
		$T_{fin} = 75^{\circ}C^{*}$	'	F, in Galden⊇ >0.1m/s	5.2	5.2	5.2	
		*measured at base		F, grounded cooling flange		6.6	6.6	ADC
Static On-Resistance	R <sub>stat</sub>	T <sub>case</sub> = 25°C	0.1 x I <sub>P(n</sub>		17	22	33	
	- Stat	Case	1.0 x I <sub>P(n</sub>		42	55	83	Т
Maximum Off-State Current	I <sub>off</sub>	0.8xV <sub>0</sub> T <sub>2000</sub> =75		leakage optionally availab		50		σADC
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	@ I <sub>P(max)</sub>	,		170	180	200	ns
Typical Turn-On Rise Time	t <sub>r(on)</sub>	0.1 x V <sub>O</sub> , 0.1 x	I <sub>D(max</sub> )		9	9	10	
. 7F. Car. Carrier Citrate Citrate	*I(ON)	$0.5 \times V_0, 0.1 \times 0.5 \times V_0$			12	12	13	
		$0.8 \times V_0$ , $0.1 \times 0.8 \times V_0$			13	15	16	
		$0.8 \times V_0$ , $0.1 \times 0.8 \times V_0$ , $1.0 \times 0.8 \times V_0$			18	24	28	ns
Typical Turn-Off Rise Time	t			stive load, 10-90%	10	25	20	ns
Minimum On-Time	t <sub>r(off)</sub>	Lower t <sub>on(min)</sub> or		31170 1040, 10-3070		200		ns
Maximum On-Time	t <sub>on(min)</sub>	Please note po		limitations		∞		113
Switch Recovery Time	t <sub>on(max)</sub>	t <sub>rc</sub> = minimum p		,		500		nc
Typical Turn-On Jitter	t <sub>rc</sub>			d switching frequency				ns
· ·	t <sub>j(on)</sub>				<sub>v)</sub> 6	1 	4	ns
Max. Switching Frequency	$f_{(max)}$	T <sub>case</sub> = 25°C		d, safety turn-off @1.5x f <sub>(max</sub>		о max. 50		kHz
Maximum Durat Fragues av	4	Llas antion LIF		IFS, please consult factory	y max. 50	2	max. 50	
Maximum Burst Frequency  Maximum Continuous Power	f <sub>b(max)</sub>			ulses within100 µs	28	33	40	MHz
	$P_{d(max)}$	$T_{case} = 25^{\circ}C$		d plastic case incl. option	270			
Dissipation		T <sub>flange</sub> =25°C		on CF, fins in air >4m/s		360	540	
		$T_{fin} = 75^{\circ}C^{*}$	-	CF, in Galden⊇ >0.1m/s	1120	1500	2250	Motto
Lineau Denetia e		*measured at base	-	F, grounded cooling flange		2400	3600	Watts
Linear Derating		$T_{case} = 25^{\circ}C$		d plastic case incl. option	0.56	0.66	0.8	
		T <sub>flange</sub> =25°C		on CF, fins in air >4m/s	6	7.2	8.64	
		$T_{fin} = 75^{\circ}C^{*}$	-	CF, in Galden⊇ >0.1m/s	25	30	36	10///
	-	*measured at base		F, grounded cooling flange		60	72	W/K
Operating Temperature Range		Extended range	e on requ	est, safety turn-off @ 77°C	,	-4075		°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>ST</sub>	0 "		9.1. 1. (1)		-5090		°C
Natural Capacitance	C <sub>N</sub>			vitch poles at V <sub>O(max)</sub>	66	50	33	pF
Coupling Capacitance	C <sub>C</sub>	HV side to		d devices	21	30	48	_
		control / GND		F, grounded cooling flange		222	336	pF
Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>rrc</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>case</sub> =		MOSFET parasitic diode		500		ns
Diode Forward Voltage Drop	$V_{F}$	I <sub>F</sub> = 10 A, T <sub>case</sub> =		MOSFET parasitic diode		37	56	VDC
Auxiliary Supply Voltage	V <sub>aux</sub>		2%, safet	y turn-off below 4.75 VDC		5.0		VDC
Auxiliary Supply Current	l <sub>aux</sub>	@ f <sub>max</sub>				600		mADC
Control Signal Voltage	$V_{tr}$	> 3VDC recommended				2-6		VDC VDC
Fault Signal Output		TTL, short circuit proof, L=Fault (=safety turn-off)			I	H= 4 V, L= 0.5 V		
Dimensions	LxWxH	·			171x70x28	200x70x35	263x70x35	
		Option FC, flat			171x70x19	200x70x19	263x70x19	
	1	Option CF, nor	n-isolated	cooling fins, standard size	171x70x70	200x70x70	263x70x70	
		i .		olina flanca 2)	252x120x45	252x120x45	312x120x45	mm <sup>3</sup>
		Option GCF, gr	ounaea c	oling liange <b>2)</b>	2027120740		0.2/20/0	
Weight		Option GCF, gr Standard plast		boling hange 2)	750			
Weight			tic case	ooling hange <b>z</b> j		1020 590	1050 610	
Weight		Standard plass Option FC, flat	tic case case	cooling fins, standard size	750 440	1020	1050	

Notes: 1) Not available in connection with Option GCF. 2) Also available in other sizes for higher or lower P<sub>d(max)</sub>. Please consult factory.

## **Ordering Information**

HTS 161-06	Transistor switch, 16 kVDC, 60 Amps.	Option ISO-80	Increased isolation voltage, 80 kVDC isolation
HTS 221-06	Transistor switch, 22 kVDC, 60 Amps.	Option SPT-C	Shielded pigtail for control connection (LEMO miniature plug)
HTS 331-06	Transistor switch, 33 kVDC, 60 Amps.	Option PT-HV	Pigtails for HV connection (instead of bottom screw terminals)
Option HFB	High frequency burst	Option UL-94	Flame-retardant casting resin according to UL94-V0
Option HSF	High switching frequency (pls. consult factory)	Option FC	Flat plastic case, module height reduced to 19 mm
Option LP	Low pass filter at control input	Option CF	Non-isolated cooling fins, standard size, 35 mm height
Option S-TT	Soft transition time for simplified EMC design	Option GCF	Grounded cooling flange, direct attachment to heat sink