

## N Series High Voltage Power Supply

### **General Description**

The N Series high voltage power supplies are regulated high voltage power supplies. They provide outputs of up 10kV and power levels to 3 Watts. The output of each power supply is tightly regulated against line and load changes to better than 0.01%. The output voltage of the N may be varied either with the unit trimpot, an external trimpot, or via an external control signal. The output ripple is typically less than 0.1% at full power. Each power supply may be programmed down to 0% of the maximum output voltage. All N models provide a buffered voltage monitor output. All N's are reverse input voltage and short circuit protected.



#### **Features**

Regulated Output
Buffered voltage monitor
100 VDC to 10,000 VDC models available
3 Watt power
24 VDC input
Trimpot, Resistance or Voltage program

#### **Connection Diagram**

0 0

INPUT SIDE SHOWN

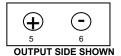
#### Pins:

#### 1. Ground 2. +5.0V Reference

3. Vcontrol

4. Test Point5. +24 VDC input

#### INPUT SIDE SHOWN



#### Pins:

5. + HV output6. - HV output

### Available Models:

#### Positive output models:

Maximum Output Voltage	<b>Maximum Output Current</b>	1 <sup>st</sup> Year
100	30 mA	2003
200	15 mA	1991
600	5 mA	1997
1,250	2.4 mA	1998
2,500	1.2 mA	1999
5,000	0.6 mA	1993
10,000	0.3 mA	1997
	100 200 600 1,250 2,500 5,000	100 30 mA 200 15 mA 600 5 mA 1,250 2.4 mA 2,500 1.2 mA 5,000 0.6 mA

### **Available Models:**

## Negative output models:

Name	Maximum Output Voltage	<b>Maximum Output Current</b>	1 <sup>st</sup> Year
N – 1N	100 (negative)	30 mA	2004
N – 2N	200 (negative)	15 mA	1997
N – 6N	600 (negative)	5 mA	1999
N – 12N	1,250 (negative)	2.4 mA	1998
N - 25N	2,500 (negative)	1.2 mA	1989
N - 50N	5,000 (negative)	0.6 mA	1989
N - 100N	10,000 (negative)	0.3 mA	1993



## **Electrical Characteristics**

(at 25 degrees C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Conditions		Value		Units
		Min	Typical	Max	
Supply Voltage*:	24 Vin models	21	24	27	VDC
Input Current:	No Load:	50	60	75	mA
	Full Load:	250	275	300	mA
Output Ripple:	No Load (all models): Full Load (all models):	0.08% 0.08%	0.09% 0.09%	0.1% 0.1%	Vpp Vpp
Load Regulation:	No Load to Full Load Half Load to Full Load			0.1% 0.1%	V <sub>NL</sub> /V <sub>L</sub> VNL/VL
Output Linearity	No Load		1%		Δ <b>V</b> OUT Δ <b>V</b> OUT (ide
Output Linearity	Full Load (all models):		1%		ΔVουτ  ΔVουτ (Ide
Short Circuit Current:			250	350	mA
Power Efficiency:	Full Load:	55%	60%	65%	Pout /Pin
Reverse Input Polarity	Protected to 50 VDC				
Temperature Drift:	No Load Full Load			100 100	ppm/Deg ppm/Deg
Thermal Rise:	No Load (case) (15W) Full Load (case) (15W)			15 25	degrees degrees
Slew Rate (10% - 90%)	No Load Full Load			100 120	mS mS
Slew Rate (90% - 10%)	No Load Full Load			300 200	mS mS
Drain Out Time	No Load (5 TC)			150	mS

<sup>\*</sup> Other input voltages available: 15VDC, 28VDC and 48VDC



# Physical Characteristics (at 25 degrees C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Conditions	Value	Units
Dimensions	MKS English	38.1 W x 76.2L x 20.6 H mm 1.5 W x 3.0 L x 0.81 H	inches
Volume:	MKS English	60 3.65	cm <sup>3</sup> inch <sup>3</sup>
Mass:	MKS English	120 4.3	grams oz
Packaging:	Black anodized aluminum case with RTV elastomer encapsulation		
Finish	Smooth brushed aluminum		
Terminations:	Input and control: Teflon terminals (5)  HV Output: Teflon terminals (2) (1 AMP LGH-1/2 on Models >5kV)		

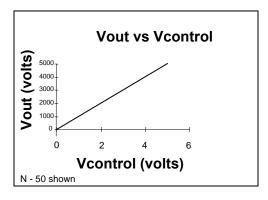
## **Environmental Characteristics**

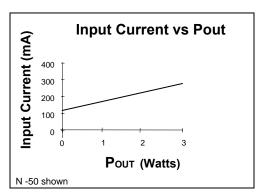
(at 25 degrees C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Conditions	Value	Units
Temperature Range	case temperature	-40 degrees to + 71 degrees -40 degrees to + 160 degrees	Celsius Fahrenheit
Shock:	MIL-STD-810 Method 516	40 g's	Proc IV
Altitude:	pins sealed against corona pins sealed against corona	-350 to + 16,700 -1,000 to +55,000	meters feet
Vibrations:	MIL-STD-810 Method 514	20 g's	Curve E
Thermal Shock	MIL-STD-810 Method 504	-40 deg C to + 71 deg C	Class 2



## **N Series Performance Charts**





## **N Series Application Notes**

The N Series high voltage power supplies are powered by an input voltage of 24 VDC. They can be adjusted to provide a set output voltage or they can be controlled either by an external resistance or an external voltage. By connecting the Vcontrol pin to the +5.0 volt reference pin the maximum output voltage of the power supply is obtained and is adjustable via the trimpot located on the top of the power supply. Reductions in output voltage to 0% of maximum are possible by this method. This is shown in Figure 1 below. The maximum voltage is fixed by the model and is a regulated output. In this configuration, the output voltage will not vary with input line fluctuations or output load changes up to the maximum power rating for the power supply. For standard 24 VDC input models, the input line may vary from 21 VDC to 27 VDC and the output voltage will remain regulated within 0.01%. Standard output loads may be as high as 3 Watts of power. The input AC bypass capacitor C1 is optional and is utilized to prevent switching spikes from riding back on the input power lines. Values of 0.1 uF to 10 uF are commonly used.

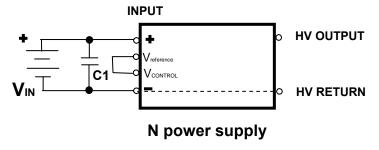


Figure 1: Basic N hookup schematic for maximum output

The output voltage of the N unit may be programmed from an external voltage. It may be reduced in magnitude by placing a voltage lower than the +5.0 volt reference voltage onto the Vcontrol pin (Pin 3). By placing a voltage of +2.5 VDC onto the control voltage pin the output will be reduced in half. Figure 2 details a simple method of using an external voltage source to vary the output voltage of the N power supply. Typical values of input impedance for the N are 5K Ohms. This makes programming via a DAC or operational amplifier an easy chore for the N power supply. The control voltage is referenced to the input ground. The input ground and output grounds are internally connected together in the N series.



## **N Series Application Notes (continued)**

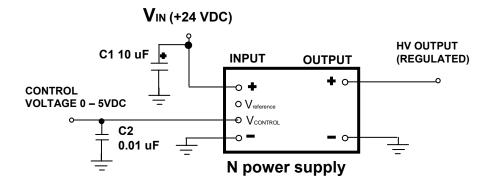
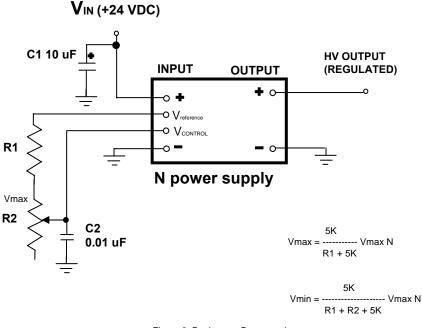


Figure 2: Voltage programming

Capacitor C1 removes switching spikes from the input line and C2 is an AC bypass to insure smooth voltage control levels.

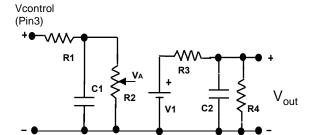
The N power supply may also be programmed by using a simple trimpot and the internal +5.0 volt reference. Figure 3 shows this topology. Because the input impedance of the control voltage pin is 5K Ohms, the output of the N may be controlled between minimum and maximum values using the formulas given. The output in both configurations can always be lowered or adjusted via the internal trimpot located on the top surface of the power supply.





Note: R2 is internal trimpot accessible via top of power supply

## **Equivalent N Circuit Model**



#### **Equivalent N HVPS Circuit Model**

 $R1 = 100 \ Ohms$ 

R2 = 5K Ohms (timpot) $R3 = (5 \times Vout_{max}) Ohms$ 

R4 =  $(0.15 \times Vout_{max}^2)$  Ohms C1 =  $(0.01 \times 10^{-6})$  Farads

C2 =  $(0.008 \times 100t_{max} / Vout_{max})$  Farads V1 =  $(VA \times Vout_{max} / 5.0)$  Volts For example, for an N-50P:

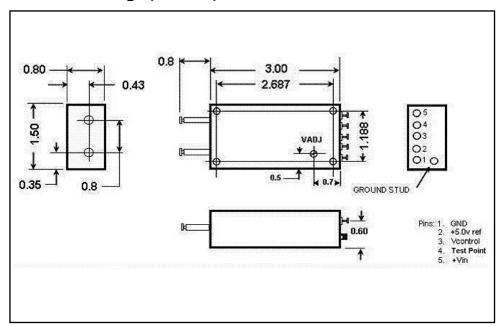
Voutmax = 5,000 V Poutmax = 3 W loutmax = 0.0006 A R1 = 100 Ohms

R2 = 5K Ohms R3 = 750 Ohms

C2 = 960 pF

R4 = 250 Megohm C1 = 0.01 uF

## **Outline Drawing: (inches)**



#### **Ordering Information:**

XX = Output voltage 1 = 100v 2 = 200v 6 = 600v 12 = 1250v Example: 25 = 2500v N - 6P Maximum output = 600 V 3 Watts Positive Y = Polarity (P or N) 50 = 5000v 100 = 10kV